AL RESOURCES OF THE UNITED STATES-COP-ES OF LAKE SUPERIOR .- It was not until witheted to the immense mineral resources posthe United States. Heretotore, large im-s of minerals were received from England, and other countries, which, in consequence velopments of our own mineral resources, w comparatively small. Nature, which has a liberal in bestowing upon it every other cle of national greatness—salubrity of climate, y and area of soil, capable of supplying the world with sustenance—has been equally libedispensing her blessings in minerals. The scoveries which have been made, justify us in ng, that in mineral wealth this country is suto any other. In lead, in copper, and silver, ave, within a few years, been discoveries made ouri and in the Lake Superior region which hat these metals exist in those places to an ble extent, and immense quantities have been the Eastern markets. Missouri lead, and Superior copper, are extensively used in our cities now, and there is no doubt that in a few our importation of those articles will cease, at we will be able to export in large quanti-

on, by purchase from the Indians, of a large

asion, by purchase from the Indians, of a large ral territory on the southerly shore of Lake rior. It was from this region that the large of copper which is now at Washington came, which occupied the time and energy of Mr. Elred, of the city of Detroit, two years, and large outlay of money, in removing and transing it to the capitol.

The first discovery that copper existed in the experior region was made in the year 1766, an Englishman named Alexander Henry, the on a visit there, he found on the banks of the rontonagon, abundance of virgin copper, in sess of various weights, some as large as twendands. Recent explorations have been made flow. Cass and Mr. Schoolcraft, and other entering and scientific gentlemen, among whom was eminent Douglas Houghton, State Geologist of higan, which not only confirm the statements were made by Mr. Harvey, but prove that that on is rich beyond all calculation in minerals, not opper alone, but likewise in eliver and lead.

were made by Mr. Harvey, but prove that that on is rich beyond all calculation in minerals, not opper alone, but likewise in silver and lead. The most valuable of the mineral localities in the ce Superior region, yet discovered, is on the ce superior region by the superior. Fragnits of the rock and lumps of native copper, and at the mouth of the river, first attracted the ention of the explorers to examine the bed and its of the stream, when they discovered metal-copper ore, mixed with silver. The ore in this ion consists of an admixture of copper and silver. The crevices and veins in the rocks are also filled h thin sheets of an alloy of copper and silver, I occasionally lumps of these metals of consideremagnitude are found. Specimens of the different is from the Lake Superior region have been tested, I found to vary in value from \$120 to \$400 per, existing in some places in amount sufficient to trant mining, with every probability of success; ille in other places specimens have been found bedded in detached rocks, which bear evidence having been carried by the influence of ice from stant places, to where they are found. The United ales government has granted permits or licenses several enterprising individuals, who have associated themselves together in companies, some of hom, in all probability, will secure hurvests of ealth, while others will be ruined. Like everying else in the United States, the mining business as been turned into a gambling speculation. If that country should prove as valuable as it is presented to be, the immense advantages which the development of those treasures will confer upon the country at large, is beyond computation. Lake uperior will, in a short time, be covered with craft onveying the minerals—the shores will re-echo the ternal puff, puff, of the high pressure steamboat, as a Lake Erie, and the inspiring songs of the array seamen. Regions at

The following companies are now at work:—
Lake Superior, at Eagle River; Pittsburgh, at Copper
larbor; North West, at Marais Harbor; Superior Co,
diacent Copper Harbor; Ontonagon, Ontonagon and
lam Rivers; Bohemian, South side of Point Kurma; New
ork and Lake Superior, Agate Harbor and Dead River;
hippewa, Black Hiver; Copper Falls, at Copper Falls,
hint Kurma; Eagle Harbor, Eagle Harbor; North Amerian, near Eagle River; Isle Royal, Kurma Point and
ntonagon River; Kurna, Mouth of Eagle River; Boron, Point Kurna, near Copper Harbor; Massachusetts,
fontreal River; Peninsula, west branch Ontonagon
liver.

The greater part of the stock of these companies is held in Boston and Pittsburgh, and but little comparatively is owned in New York. The Lake Superior and the Pittsburgh Copper Harbor Companies were among the first that were organized, and the result of the first year of their operations has met the expectations of the most sangaine. There have been some 300 or 400 tracts located on this mineral region; but a small number, comparatively, of these have been explored, and on these tracts there are some 500 resident miners at work, employed by the several comdent miners at work, employed by the several com-panies, and on the opening of navigation next spring it is calculated that the number will be aug-mented to 2000. Within the last year there have been placed on Lake Superior 14 or 15 sail of ves-

been placed on Lake Superior 14 or 15 sail of vessels, and as the mining operations increase, there will be an increasing number of craft engaged. In the vicinity of Lake Superior, in addition to these valuable mineral resources, there are immense forcets of pine and other timber, which can be used to advantage in working the mines, and, likewise, valuable fisheries. It is from this Lake that the trout and white fish come down in myriads to Lakes Huron and Erie, and which are destined, in time, to prove a vast source of profit to the United States.—This branch of wealth is only partially developed, and needs but enterprise, and a small outlay of capital, to make it a great source of wealth. In the year 1844, of white fish alone, there were 10,000 barrels shipped from the Sault St. Marie, and there is no doubt but 100,000 barrels annually might be put up and shipped from this part of the country.

On the whole, the richness of the Lake Superior country cannot be over-estimated; and to bring out

and shipped from this part of the country.

On the whole, the richness of the Lake Superior country caunot be over-estimated; and to bring out its development, needs but for the general government to construct a ship canal round the rapids of the river St. May, which connects Lake Superior with Lake Huzon. If a canal were constructed, we would then have a water communication from the shores of Lake Superior to the Atlantic.

At the last session of Congress, there were sundry memorials sent to government praying Congress to take measures to open a canal of this description.—These memorials were referred to the committee on roads and canals of the Senate, who, upon a careful review of the matter, made a report, which was accompanied by an estimate made by Col. J. J. Abert, of the topographical corps of engineers, warmly recommending the construction of such a work. By an estimate made by Col. Abert, the whole cost of the work would not be \$450,000.

If this sum shall be appropriated by the general government, there will be a boundless field of enterprise opened, and, in a few years, Lake Superior will be one of the most thriving parts of our country. In natural harbors, it is better provided than any other of the great Lakes.

Mineral Wealth of Wisconsin.—The mineral

Mineral Wralth of Wisconsin.—The mineral discoveries in Northera Wisconsin are not confined to copper and silver only, but iron also has been found in great abundance. The county of Brown, in which the town of Green Bay is situated, is one wast bed of iron ore: We have picked up several large specimens on the west side of the river, at different times; and, it is the opinion of scientific men, that the Fort Howard Reserve is abundantly stored with this valuable ore. Bay Settlement Township, situated a few miles east of Green Bay, is also rich in this mineral. In addition to iron, specimens of lead have been found upon and near the Wolf, the Baraboo, and Menomonee rivers; and west of this town, the Menomones Indians say there is a great copper rock in their country. The fact that such valuable numerals are to be found in such great abundance, in our immediate vicinity, would seem to indicate that nothing can prevent the onward progress of our town and particular section of the territory.— Green Bay Republican, Nov. 25th. MINERAL WEALTH OF WISCONSIN .- The mineral

Nov. 25th.

RAILROAD GRIEVANCE IN NEW JRESEY.—A manufacturer of Newark, complains in the Daily Advertiser of the loss he suffers in consequence of the refusal of the Camden and Amboy Railroad Company to carry freight on the road from Trenton to New Brunswick.—This is a great grievance. All transportation between the towns on the New Jersey Railroad and the towns west of New Brunswick, is forced round by New York and the Amboy road, in order that the Camden and Amboy Company msy monopolize the profits. This is one of the exclusive disabilities which these companies impose upon the people of the State in return for the exclusive disabilities which these companies impose upon the people of the State in return for the exclusive privileges which we have given them. The rates of fare to New York and all the eastern towns, are enormus. Before the railroad was made, we could go to New York for \$1 12\), or \$1 50. We are now charged \$2 50. It costs us \$1 25 to go to New Bruswick Our trade with New York is greatly increasing, but the high fare and the rules of the company respecting freights, are serious drawbacks upon it.—Trenton State Gaz.

The Mayor of Baltimore recommends the holding.

The Mayor of Baltimore recommends the holding of ward meetings for the purpose of adopting some means for the relief of the poor of that city.

THE WEATHER.—On Saturday night there was a fall of an inch or two of snow; early yeslerday forenoon it turned to rain, making the walking bad enough, in all conscience, for any one. The rain, however, carried off the snow in a few hours. There was quite a change in the temperature in the afternoon, and last evening it was quite mild.

turned to rain, making the walking bad enough, in sit conscience, for any one. The rain, however, carried off the snow in a few hours. There was quite a change in the temperature in the afternoon, and last evening it was quite mild.

AUDIENCES AT THE CHURCHES.—The unpleasant weather of yesterday, prevented a great many from a tending the several churches of the city, and several of the evening lectures were postponed, in consequence of the rain.

Da Power.—In consequence of the inclemency of the weather, this reverned gentleman postponed the delivery of his lecture at the Barclay street Church, which he had intended to deliver last evening.

Da. Olay's Sexanos.—The Rev. Dr. Stephen Olin preached yesterday in the church at the corner of Madison and Catherine streets. His text was taken at the 5th chapter of 2d Corinthians, 14th verse:—"For the love of Christ constraineth us; because we thus judge, that if one died for all, then were all dead." This passage of Holy Scripture contains, directly or indirectly, nearly all the doctrine of the depravity of man and the atonement of Jesus Christ upon the cross; and it inculcates the great principle of duty, that they who live should live not unto themselves, but to him who died for them. I would remark here, the peculiar manner in which the doctrine of the atonement is inculcated in the text. Now, there is no more comfortable doctrine inculcated in the Holy Scriptures than that the Saviour has made provision for the salvation of all men; that not only those who are actually saved, but those who throng the bread way to hell, before they were born, had this glorious plan laid out for them. Yet, my brethren, there are many pious Christianity which nobody doubts. He says, "If one died for all"—taking that for granted; therefore, all were dead. Now, there are controversion as to what is ment by the fall of man. Some teach us that the understanding, as well as the heart, was injured by the fall But this is certain—that man could not be religious until He had come and imparted

the Young Guard, their second, at the Colliseum, on the 23d inst.

Alams of Fire.—There were one or two alarms of fire yesterday; one originated in the fourth district, the burning of a chimney in Maiden lane. Of course, no damage.

Fire.—A fire broke out in an unfinished store in New street, third door from Exchange Flace. Little or no damage done.

Coroner's Office, Dec. 14.—Sudden Death.—The Coroner was called to hold an inquest yesterday at the house 113 Eldridge street, on the body of Julia Miller, wife of James, aged 17 years, a native of France, who came to her death by disease of the lungs.

Also, on the body of Samuel Hadden, whom we noticed yesterday, as having fallen from the tower of Dr. Phillips' church, corner of 11th street and 3th avonue, causing instant death. Verdict, accordingly.

Sudden Death.—Charles Bittner fell down in his room last night, about 9 o'clock, at No. 87 Washington street, and expired. The Coroner will hold an inquest to-day.

street, and expired. The Coroner will hold an inquest to-day.

Police Intelligence.

DEC. 14.—Forging the Recorder's Signature.—On the 30th of November last, a warrant was issued by Justice Roome, ogainst William Wilson, for a violent assault and battery on Tarleton B. Earl, and the process given to officer Parker to serve; who was unable to find his whereabouts until last night he spied Bill taking his tea at Sweeny's, in Chatham street. He immediately took him into custody, and locked Bill up in the 6th ward station house. This news flew around like wildfire—that one of the "boys" was in "quad." Whereupon, Johnny Austin, (who is always on hand when the "boys" are in trouble) accompanied by George W. Williamson and one or two other friends, went up to the station house to get him out—when they were met by "Counsellor" Cornelius W. Terhune, one of the "top sawyers" amongst the "skinners"—who was employed by Mr Austin, as counsel to get out Bill—for which service, he was to receive a "V." Upon this arrangement, Terhune demanded of Captain McGrath a copy of the warrant. This was done and handed to Terhune; when the party started in search of Recorder Tallmadge, to procure a discharge, by giving in bail; but unable to find the Recorder, they returned to the Carlton House, and there held a consultation—Terhune exclaiming—"Time' on that 'boys'—I'll do the thing that's right—never lear"—and left the bar-room in haste; nor did they see him again, until sometime after, when they met him at the "Ivy Green"—Terhune bawling out—"Here boys—here hosy—it all right—I told you so—here, take this peper, give the captain those shillings, and get your man out—its all correct." This paper was taken from Terhune by George W. Williamson, and handed to Captain McGrath, which proved to be the copy of the warrant, endorsed on the back, stating that good bail had been taken, and to discharge Wm. Wilson, signed F. A. Tallmadge, Recorder. Upon receiving this document from Williamson, Capt McGrath discharged the prisoners, which was done i

mistoring a document emanates in the Technic, and aim sione. The magistrates held Terhune to bail in the sum of \$500 for his appearance at Court.

Disorderly House.—Terrence Burns was arrested last might for keeping a disorderly house and common resort for the lowest class of rum heads and prostitutes, at No. 40 Orange street. Locked up.

Passing Counterfeit Money.—Joseph Noal was arrested yesterday on suspicion of passing counterfeit money upon Casper Hommel, No. 234 Division street. No evidence—he was discharged by Justice Taylor.

Forgery.—Jacob Ferdon was arrested on a bench warrant last night on four indictments for forgery, by officer George Denniston. It appears this man is well known amongst all the lovers of the canine species, being the "boss" dog killer to the Corporation for the last three years. The men whom he employed complained to the Mayor, charging him with "smouching" For example, a bill signed by one of his men for \$22, would be altered by Mr. Ferdon to \$24; therefore, by this operation he would make perhaps from two to four dollars on each man at every pay day—he receiving the whole of the money from the Comptroller to pay off the men. Held to bail for trial.

John McGonagle, a boy of 14 years of age, was arrested by officer Norris, of the Chief's office, last night, charged, by John R. Brady, Eq. No. 27 Beekman street, with stealing \$42 in bank bills, a check for \$100, and some valuable papers. It appears Mr. Brady missed his wallet on last Friday, but had not suspected this boy, who was employed in his office, until yesterday, when he discovered he had been to Mr. Denman and endeavored to get \$15 on his account; but Mr. Denman suspecting something was wrong, saw Mr. Brady stating his case to the chief of police, who sent officer recevering all the money and papers. The boy is locked up for examination by the Chief.

U. S. Circuit Court—In Chambers.

The Case of Captain Ludlow.—The proceedings on the motion to commit the Captain were resumed on Saturday morning. Mr. Hoffman spoke at considerable length against the motion, and was replied to by the United States District Attorney. Judge Betts reserved his decision until this morning.

This Court will set on Friday and Saturday next, to hear arguments. The beginning of the week will be devoted to the trial of causes

Court Calendar—This Day.

Common Pleas—Ist part.—1, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25.

21, 23, 25. 2nd part.—2, 4, 224, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 18, 30, 22, 24.

21, 23, 25.

2nd part.—2, 4, 224, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 18, 30, 22, 24.

IMPORTANT DECISION.—The Annapolis Republican publishes the opinion of the Court of Appeals, delivered by Judge Martin, in the case of J. B. Howell vs. the State of Maryland. The case grew out of the act of the Legislature of Maryland, of 1st of April. 1844, laying a tax on property, and which enumerated as among such property liable to taxation, "the interest or proportion in all ships or other vessels, whether in or out of port, owned by persons resident of the State." In conformity with the provisions of this act, an assessment was imposed on the appellant on account of his interest or proportion in certain vessels, and this case was brought before the Court to test the legality of the law imposing the tax, which it was contended, is incompatible with the privileges and immunities conferred by the law of Congess licensing vessels, and repugnant to the constitution and laws of the United States.

Judge Martin, in the very able opinion delivered, reviews the whole question at large, and announces the decision of the Court as follows:—

"We can perceive no repugnancy, between the law of Maryland imposing a tax upon this property, and the acts of Congress under which an exemption from it has been claimed by the appellant.

"We think, therefore, that the imposition of this tax was a constitutional exercise of the texing power of the State, and that the judgment of the County Court must be affirmed."—Baltimore Patriot, Dec. 13.

Welland Canal.—We have reason to believe that the communication between Lukes Eric and Ontario will be open in the spring for vessels of 26 feet beam, and measuring 138 feet from knightnead to tafficial, though vessels of 141 feet 6 inches can pass. Hitherto, on account of the non-completion of the two lower locks, 120 or 122 feet has been the extreme length. It is also the intention of the government, we understand, to place powerful steam tugs on the St. Lawrence, between the different canals, so that the public may realize the advantage of the construction, in a very much reduced cost of transportation between Kingston and Montreal.—St. Cath. Gazette.

ed by any pulpit orator.

ANOTHER MYSTERROUS AFFAIR.—We were last evening informed that a youth named Williams, of remarkably industrious and steady habits, (the sun of a respectable Weichman.) who has for a long time past been in the employ of Mesars Frince & Willers, upholesterers of Brooklyn, suddenly disappeared several days ago, and has not since been heard of. The greatest excitement and alarm provail among the friends and relatives of the young man in relation to his whereabouts; and the more especially so, since the publicity which has been given to the extraordinary abduction, and subsequently unfortunate fate, of Mr. Morrell, of New York.

Fig. Decayses, to the Success.—At the same meting of the representatives of the First Decayses, and the believing sealment were elected officers for the ensuing year.—Above the first officers of the control of this city, a low evenings ago, the believing sealment were elected officers for the ensuing year.—Above for the provided of the control of the provided of t

ferries. It is also stated that a company in New York have determined to commence a new terry, without obtaining permission so to do from the commissioners.

Accident to a Horse.—On Saturday evening, a horse belonging to one of the hucksters at the Fulton market, fell down, from some unknown cause, opposite Mr. Colgan's house, in James street, and was so much injured that the owner will probably have to destroy it.

The New Markets.—Two new markets were opened in Brooklyn last week, one near the Atlantic and the other near the Fulton ferry. Although the latter is the smallest of the two, it is by far the neatest establishment, and the owners of the stalls have every prospect of doing a good and profitable business.

Rackets.—A new tennis court is about to be erected in Brooklyn, under the direction of one of its wealthy citizens, the plan of which is represented to be on a much more extensive and magnificent scale than the racket grounds in Broadway, belonging to the New York Club.

Assault.—We learn that a violent, cowardly and entirely unprovoked assault was committed upon Henry Wilson, Eaq., of this city—who is the owner of considerable property here—by the keeper of a tavern in the Fourth Ward of New York, whither he went accompanied by two or three other gentlemen, to obtain some refreshments. The landlord of the place was quite a stranger to him, but from some cause or other, yet to be explained, he was struck several times, and much injured.

CAUTION TO HOUSE-KEEPERS.—On Friday afternoon last, a well-dressed, middle-aged man, with a carpet bag in hond, called at the boarding-house of Mrs. Grafton, No. 62 Fulton street, and asked if he could be accommedated with quarters for a week. He was answered in the affirmative, and shown into his apartment. Having procured some hot water, and taken a comfortable shave, he stepped out, saying he should return in a few moments, which he did, and re-entered his room. By this time suspicion (if it existed) was disarmed, and towards dusk the gentleman took another walk

The Oneida Indians.—We regret that the Governor has failed to make a treaty with the Oneida tribe of Indians, in consequence of the uter unwillingness of a large majority of the Chiefs and Braves to conclude a treaty upon any terms that would compel them to sell the whole or any part of their domain near this town. It would be better for them to remove to the Missouri territory, because their reserve, in this vicinity, will soon be completely hemmed in by white settlements—the land (which is of an excellent quality) being all surveyed and now in market—and these settlements will be to them like the poisonous Upus tree to the country around it. It is needless to reiterate at this time what experience has eloquently taught the American people, viz:—that when the Indians are in immediate proximity to our settlements they quickly acquire the vices, with but few of the virtues of the whites:—because we imagine the people of Green Bay have seen abundant exemplifications of the truth of the position: true the whole tribe are not immoral and not intemperate; but we are sorry to say that the number of such is very great. On this account more than any other, the people of this town desired their removal; and not because we envy them their rich lands and comfortable farms. As soon as Governor Dodge ascertained that it would be impossible to conclude a treaty, upon any terms, he desired that those who wished to go to Missouri at all hazards would make known their wishes: and eighty-seven answered favorably to this call. Their wishes will be made known to the proper department, and probably some means will be devised to remove them. Thus ends this attempt to make a treaty with the Oneidas. Gov. Dodge, we are fully satisfied, exerted all the means that lay in his power to purchase either a part or the whole of the reserve, and nis official conduct relative thereto, reflects honor upon himself and upon the Indian Department—Green Bay Republican, Nov. 35th.

PUSEXISM IN BOSTON.—The Right Rev. Bishop Eastburn, prelate of the di

Irish Music.—We are to have a grand dissy of Irish Music at the Tabernacle on to-morrow evening, at
y clock Mr. Musice, the author of the History of Ireland;
s. Stongth, of the Park Theatre; Mr. Homcastle, of Dablin;
r. Franklin, of Santon-together with several other vocalists
accompanied with the Organ, Harp and Piano.

Philadelphia Agent for the Herald, Zieber (O.) Ledge Building, Third street, who receive substri-ers, and base single copies for sale duity at 10 clock. u21 Its

Sunday, Dec. 14-6 P. M.

The stock market, during the past week, has improved very much, and the indications at present are in favor of a speculative movement of some extent, before another pinic makes its appearance in the street. About the middle of January we shall have another break down in the stock market, and we should not be surprised to see, about the third week in February, or on the receipt of European advices by the steamer leaving Liverpool the 4th of February, a greater panic than we have had in this market for many years. We should not be surprised to see an explosion sufficient to destroy hundreds of stock operators, and produce an effect upon prices much by the combined efforts of the stock jobbing organs to increase as much as possible the depression among the brokers. We have no doubt they will succeed in getting up a very respectable panic. Notwithstanding the experience stock operators have had in these things, they never know what foundation exists for any rumors affoot, and are invariably successfully worked upon by these adrait and shrewd bear operators. They are actually proved upon by the big fish that come among them.

There are no grounds for any punic growing out of the Oceans, question. Negotiations have, it is true, been

There are no grounds for any panic grow ing out of the Oregon question. Negotiations have, it is true, been suspended, but they may be resumed any moment, and the question will, without doubt, be settled in one of the two ways still open—we mean by negotiation or arbitra, tion. Neither of these methods have failed, and the tone of the President's message will, without doubt, bring about a settlement upon one of these plans more speedily than would have been otherwise. Although this question does not, in fact, possess any of those siarming fea tures those interested would have the public believe, it cannot but have a very important influence upon commercial affairs generally, so long as it remains unsettled. The stock market, at all times most sensitive, must be kept in a continual state of excitement by the rumors constantly circulated, and the different parties will, from time to time, be in the ascendency, as the floating reports may be favorable or other-

We annex a comparative table, giving the quota-tions for stocks each day of the past week and at the close of the week previous. It will be observed that there has been a very great fluctuation in prices, and that quotations for some of the fancies touched a very low point. Sales have been made at prices below those given, but as they were not made at either of the Boards. we do not quote them. At the close of the market yes terday, prices ranged from one to seven per cent below

with those current at the close of the previous week lem 3 per cent; Canton, 2½; Farmers' Loan, 2½; No with and Worcester, ½; Ohio 6's, ½; Illinois 6's, ½; Illinois 6's, ½; Illinois 6's, ½; Illinois 6's, ½; Reading Railroad, 3; Morris Canai, ½; East Boston, ½ These variations are very small compared with what they were on Wednesday, when they touched bottom. Norwich and Worcester sold at 76, fourteen per cent below yesterday's prices.

The annexed table gives the quotations for the principal State stocks, and other recurrities in this market, for

Redecade
United States 5 1062 110 % - 113 % all 1 109 a- 113 % all 1 100 % - 100 % all 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
United States 5 1062 110 % - 113 % all 1 109 a- 113 % all 1 100 % - 100 % all 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
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New York, 7 1618-49 105 a105% 105 a105% 105 a105% 105 a105% 105 a105 a105% 105 a110 105 a110
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0 1801-02-07 tex 15 110 Will 103 Sitt
" 5% 1860-61-65 100% - 160 a164 1833 canns
" 5 1845 - a - 100 atomic - a -
" 5 1816-7-8-9 100 a - 100\(\alpha\) a -
" 5 1850-1-3 102 a103 1005 a1015 1015 (a102
2 1839-66-61 103 8 183 8191 1
136 1813-38 - 8 - 33 1 31 - 1 - 2
Ohio, 6 1850 9634a 9634 9634a 97 95 a -
" 6 1856-60 9736a - 96 a - 95 a -
" 5 1850-56 MG a 87 M7 a 89 M5 a 87
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5 Al A Mile - A-
Illimois, 6 1870 27 a - 2916a 20% 2616a 20%
Indiana, 5 25 years 38 n - 40 n 42% 37% a 30
Arkausas, 6 a- 40 a 45 40 a 45
Alabama, 6
The state of the s
Pennsylvania,3 73% 74 74 876% 60% 70
Tennessee, 6 a 101 a101% 100 a100%
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" 5 1630 - a 99 97% a 96 - a -
" 5 1856-70 - a - 97/ga 16 98 a -
Bk Com'e N. Y., full - a 96% 96 a 96% 96 a -
scrip 1 96364 97 96364 97 96364
N. Y. Lifetus, & Trust Co. 110 att5% 112 att5 114 a -
Farmers' Loan & Trust Co. 31 a 33% 34 a 35 20% 30
Ohio Life Ins. & Trust Co. 99 a 99% 100 4101 - 4106
Bank of U. S. in Penn'a. Sha 5 5 a 5% aba 4%
Boston & Providence Rail'd, 1125 at 11 - a a -
Mohawk & Hud'u Ranfroad, 58 a - 59 a a 66
Utica & Schenectady Rail'd, 127 a128 127 a177% 107 a127%
Symeuse & Utica Railroad, - a - 11914 att 118 atts
Auburn &Syracuse Railr'd 100 a101 104 a106 103 a100
Auburn & Rochester R. R. 102 Ca 102 Ca 102 La 103 La
Reading Railroad, 56 a 36% 59% 60 56% 55

Ex-Dividend.

It will be perceived on comparing the quotations of Navament the 14th inst., with those current on the 29th of November, that there has been a very great decline in prices Government stocks hold their own very well amilet the war excitement. Some of the stocks of delinquent States have fallen back several per cent, and Pennsylvania 5's have declined in consequence of reports raised by the bears that the full semi-annual interest due on the lat of February would not be paid at maturity. There is not the slightest foundation for this report, and it is circulated

entirely for stock jobbing purposes.

The State Treasurer, in his circular issued a few days since, asserts with the greatest confidence, that the interest due in February will be paid in full; and his statement to that effect will outweigh any assertions to the contrary made by all the stock jobbing speculators in the country. As this matter is of very great importance to the credit of the commonwealth, and to those holding the bonds of the State, we give the circular of the State Treasurer at length.

Finances of Pennsylvania.

Staye Treasury of 1844

To the Commissioners and Treasury of — County:
Get tlemen:—The fiscal year, which ended on the 20th in which, however, is included the sum of \$23,200 20, unavailable, being the notes issued by the Berks County Bank, and other depreciated paper, thus showing an available balance of \$336,617 78. This result is eminently satisfactory, when it is considered that the interest on the funded debt, and all other liabilities of the Commonwealth during the past year, have been fully paid, and among which were several extraordinary expenditures, amounting in the aggregate to a large sum.

The exact amount of the interest due in February next cannot now be stated, insumuch as it will depend upon the amount of interest certificates heretofore issued which may be funded up to that period; the amount, however, deducting the tax, may be stated to be about \$300,000.

Independent of other sources of revenue not necessary now to be stated, there is due from the several counties of the Commonwealth, for the taxes assessed for 1815, deducting the costs of collection and per centage, &c., the net sum of \$616,000; and there is due for previous years, making the same allowance, the sum of \$237,000. Thus:—

Available amount of outstanding tax for

Amount of outstanding taxes now due, allowance being made for collections

I refer you to my circular of the 1st of September last, in which is stated the existing enactments relating to the payment of these taxes. I take this occasion, however, again to state, that, if the taxes due by any county, are not paid on or before the second Tuesday of January next, such county will be charged interest from that period, for any balance so remaining unpaid, at the rate of five per cent per annum.

You will thus perceive the necessity of immediate and prompt measures being taken to induce, or, if necessary, to compel your Collectors to an energetic discharge of their important duties.

The means of the Commonwealth to meet the accruing interest, it will be perceived, are ample; whether they will be available at the proper time, depends upon you and your agents. Let each of you, and each Collector, predicate his exertions upon the fact, that the credit of the Commonwealth, her honor, and the prosperity of her citizens, depends upon his faithful discharge of duty. This will lead not only to useful results, but to an undoubted accomplishment of the great and eminent object in view.

The cheerful promptness heretofore exhibited by many counties, is a subject of congratulation, and it is believed their conduct will induce the others to avoid a deliquency which would be so fatal in its results; besides, our citizens can pay their taxes better at this than any other part of the year, and the facilities for sending the funds collected to the Treasury, especially from the distant counties, are also better than any other period.—For these reasons, I have no fears for the result, feeling confident, gentlemen, that your best exertions will be put forth to austain the interest and integrity of the Commonwealth, and thus advance the prosperity and happiness of her citizens—for they are one and inseparable.

I am, very respectfully, your obd't serv't, JAMES R. SNOWDEN, State Treasurer.

The bondholders have their choice between the state.

ments of the State Treasurer and those of a clique of stock jobbers of Wall street. There is no doubt but that Pennsylvania will maintain the position she has taken as a solvent State, as the rapid increase in her resources will from year to year lessen the burthens of direct taxation, and give her a revenue more than sufficient to meet th current expenditures.

The public debt of Missouri, according to the Auditor's

The bondholders have their choice between the state.

report, amounts to \$2,084,338 85; of this \$382,335 30 is the United States deposit, which it is presumed will never be called for, leaving the actual debt \$1,702,603 55. The bank stock owned by the State, in her own right and as trustee, amounts to \$947,931 56, which, deducted from the actual debt given above, leaves only \$754,671 99 as the liabilities of the State, over and above their resources financial affairs of the State sometime since, the interest on this small amount was with difficulty raised and paid

The monthly reports of the banks of New Orleans, for November and December, show but very little variation in the aggregate movement.

| Labilities | Lab .dssets. 9,953,544 5,037,301 4,088,109 3,015,270 4,320,296 8,057,180 8,289,637 2,103,079

amount of specie on hand. The liabilities had increased in the month \$755,904, and the assets \$835,079. The aggregate liabilities, including capitals, according to the latest report, amounted to \$31,777,697, being \$13,086,724 less than the total amount of assets, showing a surplus

		Ex	hange.	
85000 N V City 5's H	160 96	50.4	dis Harlem RR	6
5600 Penn a 5's	A39 71	50	do	a60 €
4000 Ohto 7's	100%	50	do	6
5000 do si	2 ms 100	50	Erie KR	b30 68
10000 Illinois Spl Bd	u 3614	50 1	Island RR	1/30 66
2000 Indiana Sig Bd	w 3752	50	do	b30 65
10 she Union Buck	116	100	do	#30 %5
6 Bank State of N		300	do	63
56 Vicksburg Bank	784	100	do	65
100 Farmers Trust	16m 25%	100	do	65
135 Morris Canal	201	50 8	tonington RR	40
166 do	1:36 21	56	do	s30 40
225 do	20%	50	do	a30 46
20 Ohio Life and T	rest 96)2	50	do	80
50 Canton Co	37%	75.2	Nor & Wor RR	86
25 do	37%	50	do	90ds 86
50 do	38	58	do	87
25 40	460 38	- 56	do	89
100 do	MG0 3834	100	do	x10 87
160 dn	b00 39	75	do	₩60 8 6
R5 do	39	50	do	b10 g8
100 East Buston Co.	16	450 1	tending RR	51
26 New Jersey RR	100	780	do	b30 54
50 Blohawk RR	1:6m 60	175	do	54
	se ond	Hos	rd.	
206 sha Farmers Loan	+30 30		hs Canton Co	39
50 80	*10 30	100	do	b15 40
50 do	30	50	do	b30 40
100 (1)	*39-30	95	do	b30 40
50 L Island RR	a10 66	250.1	Reading RR	54
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		96		#30 S
	v Stock			
16 she Am Ex Bank	84	10 s	ha Cauton Co	38
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50 Vicksburg Bank		29	do	34
25 Morris Canal	bs zen	10	do Me	ouday 3
25 East Boston	b30 21	75	do	34
25 East Boston	e 16	100	do	31
100 L Island RR	16	25	do	b15 35
THE PARTY OF THE P	66/4	- 22 .	do	e 35
9 T	BC0 0514	30 1	Farmers Trust	h2 30
5 T	63%	100	do Tu	esday 30
40 30	10 65%	22	do Mo	esday 30 e 30 mday 30
- 40	10 6374	40	40 110	munk 30

AUCTION SALES

BY H. E. WILLARD-This day, Mosday, December 15th, o'clock, at the sailer com No. 15th Broadway, a at 125 octock, at the sales from No. 53 Broadway, a santity of New and Sectouthand Furniture, of which the sale permetory for cash to pay advances—various good Sefas, hairs, Rockers, Burcaus, Tables, Flated Ware, Cutlery and anny timods. Frivate sale—Bargains—Five Plane Fortes, orthy of active.

dt5 1t'm STEAMER CAMBRIA, from Boston - I he Mait for the above Steamer with he closed at this office on Monday, 15th instant, at 15, F. M. Fostope on all letters must be prepare to Boston, a terrer of half no onnee or under, five cents; and each additional half onnee 5 cents.

additional half on half in onnice of under, five conts; and each did lire

ROBERT H. MORRIS, P. M.

PRE-FAID LETTERS TO ALL PARTS OF EUROPE.
The subscribers will receive and forward Letters per AMBRIA, from Boston, Dec. is. The bags will close at 3's clock on Munday, the 15th inst.

P. S.—Letters can be paid as above to all parts of the Controls.

A PLE-ASANT ROOM and Bedreom, formathed, for a single gentleman, without board. One who speaks French preferred. Imagines at 213 Green, near Amity street.

THE LAST MESSAGE,

SIGNED BY J. K. FOLK, has given such general estisfaction, that the "Correspondence Agency" is obliged to keep up a powerful head of optell ctual steam. During the rash of divertising connected with the New Year's featurities, our potent should allow us two day's notice. All descriptions of writing, from a Treasment's because "to a "Tecket for Soup," prepared with premy three and tidelity, as usual. Judicious advertising its covitain wealth. Econogh said.

WILLIAM DOLEY, Fablic Amsonensis, did not be a supposed with premy three said tidelity, as usual. Judicious advertising its covitain wealth. Econogh said.

**MILLIAM DOLEY, Fablic Amsonensis, did not be a supposed with premy three said tidelity. This long Published,

THE FOURTEENTH NUMBER OF ALEXANDER FLETCHER'S

ALEXANDER FLETCHER'S

DEVOTIONAL FAMILY BIBLE.

The Four centh Number of this superh Bible is issued that dar and is embell-histed with a splendid sugarying of "Schemon's lidebary." The work increases in besuity as it progresses, and promises to be the most familied sugarying of the kind ever problemed.

GEO VIRTUE.

613 179

PROPOSED WIDENING AND EXTENSION OF WILLIAM STREET.

THOSE, who are approach in the contemplated widening and restoance of the street of

DR. POWELL, OCULIST A ND OPERATIVE SURGEON, attends to Discussor of the Eye and to all Imperioritions of Vision, from 9 to 4 o'clock, at his residence, 3st Broadway, corner of Warren st. Ophthalmis, Stoppage of the Test Passage, Cataract and Opucities, effectably removed.

AMAUROSIS treated with great attention and success. Investrate coace of STRADISMUS, or Squinning, ented in few minutes.

ARTIFICIAL EYES inserted that can scarcely be distinguished from the natural.

MR. AND MRS. CHARLES KEAN Monday Svening, December 15, Will be performed,

Will be performed.

1 O N

Advactors
Advactors
Medon.

Clemanthe
Miss Kate Hom
A Pas Seni.

To conclude with

THE OLD SOLDIER.

Adam Leathersole.
Master Michael Cramp
Patience Gramp
Helen.
Miss Gord of Helen.

Mrs Wilkins

Frace of Admission—Bores, \$i; Fit, \$0 cents.

Doors open at 6% o'clock, and the Curtors will rise precessive to o'clock.

AMUSEMENTS

PARK THEATICE

A. W. JACKSON... MANAGER AND PROPRIETOR

MRS. SHAW AS MRS. HALLER.

MRS. SHAW AS DIRS. HALLER

Monday Evening, December 13,
The performance to commence with
The STRANGE M. J. R. Scott
Baron Stranger M. J. R. Scott
Baron Stranger Sutherland
Count Wintersen Sutherland
Peter Jakaway
Mrs. Haller Jakaway
THE SHOEMAKER OF TOULOUSE
Jacob Odet Mr J. R. Scott Jacob Odet. Mr J R Scott
Duke of Frousac. Davenport
Madimer. C Hill
Henry Fejot. Clarke
Chiguard. Hadaway
Adelande. Mrs Phillips
Margaret Mrs Sergeant
Lower Bores 50 cents; Second and Third T.ers. E cs
Doors will open at half past 5, the contrains will rise at 7

Monday Evening, Dec. 15, Will be performed for the last time DER FREISCHUTZ.

Will be performed, for the last time,
DER FREISCHUTZ.

Grand Romantic Opera in 3 sera, by Carl Maria Von Weber.

Ottoker, a Robert of Strain of St

Books of the Opera, in German and English, an original English translation by C. B. Burkardt, Eag., for sale at the Box office.

F. Seats may be secured every day from 10 o'clock, A. M., till 4 o'clock, P. M., at the box office. The subscription book is also open, and the Patrons of the Opera are respectfully invited to honor the Manager of the German Opera by their names.

Prices of Admission—First Tier and Parquette, \$1; Second Tier, 50 cts.

Doors open at 7 o'cl'k—performance to commence at 7½ o'cl'k nrecisely.

Last Night but One of Mr. A. A. Adams. Last Night but One of Mr. A. A. Adams.

Monday Evening, December 15,
The performance will commence with the Play of DAMON & PyTHIAS—Damon, Mr Adams, Calanthe, Mis Alexins Fisher, Hermico, Mrs Burke; Pythias, Mr Morris.
After which the laughable Farce of the BUDGET OF BLUNDERS.
Dr Smuglace, Burke—Dr Dablancour, Mesteyer.
To conclude with the Farce of DAMON & PYTHIAS—Pythias, Mr Burke.
COMPLIMENTARY CONCERT.
THE COMMITTEE appointed to take the necessary ateps in arranging a

CONCERT,
to be given in testimony of the high esteem entertained by the Members of the Musical Profession for Members of the Musical Profession for Thursday Evening next, the 19th Inst.,
A. D PATERSON, ESQ.,
Transcettully announce that the performance will take profession.
AT THE TABERNACLE.
On which occasion the services of the following eminent Artists bave been voluntarily tendered:—
WOCALISTS:
MRS. E. LODER.
MRS. VALENTINE MOTT. JR.

MRS. E. LODER, MRS. VALENTINE MOTT JR.
MISS JULIA NORTHALL,
MISS MARY TAYLOR,
and MADAME OTTO

MR EDWARD LODER, and MADAME OTTO.

MR. W. S. ROGERS, and SIGNOR DE BEGNIS.

INSTRUMENTALINITS.

Violin. Mr. H. MARKS.
Flate Mr. JOHN A. KYLE.
Violoncello Mile HUBER and Mr. TIMM.

The ORCHESTRA of great power and magnitude.

Conductors. Messrs U.C. HILL and ECORGE LODER.

Franist Mr. H. C. TIMM.

TICKETS ONE DOLLAR.

To be obtained at the usual places, or of the various Members of the Committee.

MR. BURKE'S SECOND CONCERT.

MR. BURKE respectfully informs his friends rad the New York public, that his Second Concert in this city will take place on Tuesday Evening, Dec. 236, at Niblo's Concert Saloon, in Broadway, on which occasion he will be assisted by several persons of eminent taleut.

Tickets One Dollar each, to be had at the Music Stores, and at the door.

Tickets One Dollar each, to be had at the Music Stores, and at the door.

Further particulars in fature advertisements. dis 5tis*rh

THE COURT OF DEATH.

THE GREAT MORAL PICTURE,

PAINTED by Rembrandt Peale, called the "Court of Death" is now spen for a short time to the public, at the Eshibition Room of the National Academy of Design, corner of Broadway and Leonard street. This very impressive picture, which a quarter of a century ago elicited the admiration of nearly 35,000 visitors, has been preserved in excellent children, and has since been greatly improved by re-touches from the hand of its author. It contains 23 figures of the size of death of the size of the siz

pamphlets to be had at the door. To be seen from 19 A. M. rill 10 P. M.

THE FIRST BALL OF THE PLASTERERS' BENEVOLENT SOCIETY, Of NEW YORK, to be held at the Minerva Rooms, No. 466 Broadway, on Tuesday, December 16th, 1845. Tickets One Dollar each, to be had at the door, on the evening of the Ball, or of any of the following. COMMITTEE:

John Wray, Joseph Brott,

Bartholemew Connolly, Michael Quigley, James Marlow,

Bartholemew Connolly, Patrick Egnn.

WM. DIXON, Secretary.

PETER McCANN, Treasurer

THS. New York Highland Guards' Ball will take place at Niho's Saloon, Frady Evening, 19th December, 1845.

Tickets may be obtained of the Committee, E. Clarke, 157

Broadway; J. H. Irish, 175 Bowery; T. H. Bridgwood, 21

Broadway; J. H. Irish, 175 Bowery; T. H. Bridgwood, 21

Sixth st.; the Metcer House, Broone st., and at Niblo's Saloon.

A LECTURE will be given before Washington Lodge, No. 12, 1, 0, of 0, F, at their rooms, National Ha'l, Canal st., at Tuesday evening, Dec. 18th, by a member of the Lodge The Order generally are respectfully invited to attend.

J. MILTON SMITH, Sevretary.

LECTURES ON SHAKSPEARE.

M. B. HUDSON will Lecture on Othello and Desdemous, at the Society Library Rooms, on Monday evening. December 15, at 75 o'clock.

Admittance, for a gentleman 30 cents; a gentleman and lady cents; a gentleman and two or more ladies \$1.

Tickets at the Door of the Lecture Room.

di3 3tis*rc

WANTED,

A SITUATION by a respectable woman, to do the cooking and washing in a private (smily. The best of references are used to baracter, &c. from her last employer. Please apply to No. 44 Prince street.

WANTED,

WANTED,

A sequential washing in a private fix a waiter in a private fix a waiter in a private fix a private fix a waiter in a private fix.

A SITUATION by a respectable young man, to attend a store with a little instruction; or as waiter in a private family; or it a bearding house; or m an eating house; or protein hotel and wait upon the table; or to open oyaters, first rate,—the is willing to make himself useful to his employ; c. Please call at III Leonard at, in the basement. If not in, please leave your name, street and number. Lately arrived from Ireland.

A SITUATION as a Clerk or Assistant in a Wholesale or Retail Drug Establishment, allowing a liberal salary, would be accepted by a young married man, just from the standard or the street of the standard or the street of the street and the street of the street and the street of the street

RHEUMATISM—ACUTE AND CHRONIC.

CHRISTIE'S

GALVANIC RINGS

MAGNETIC FLUID.

MAGNETIC FLUID.

ARE a positive and lasting cure for the agonizing pains of Rheumetism in all its forms. No matter how chronic or severe may be the complaint, it readily yields to the mysterious power as applied by this remarkable discovery. The Galvanie Bauds, Belts, Bracelets, &c., are a modification of the Rings, and can be adapted to any part of the body wath prefect convenience.

Christie's Galvanie Strengthening Plasters, so highly approved in all diseases of the cheat, pain in the side, general convenience. The control of particular and an a preventive for colds, are also to be obtained. The genuine Galvanic Flusters have an entire covering of pure with. All others are worthless imitations. The only pick in New York where the genuine articles can be obtained, is a 134 failten street, San Building.

J. Broad street. San Building. dlb tw'm